

# What is geographical research?

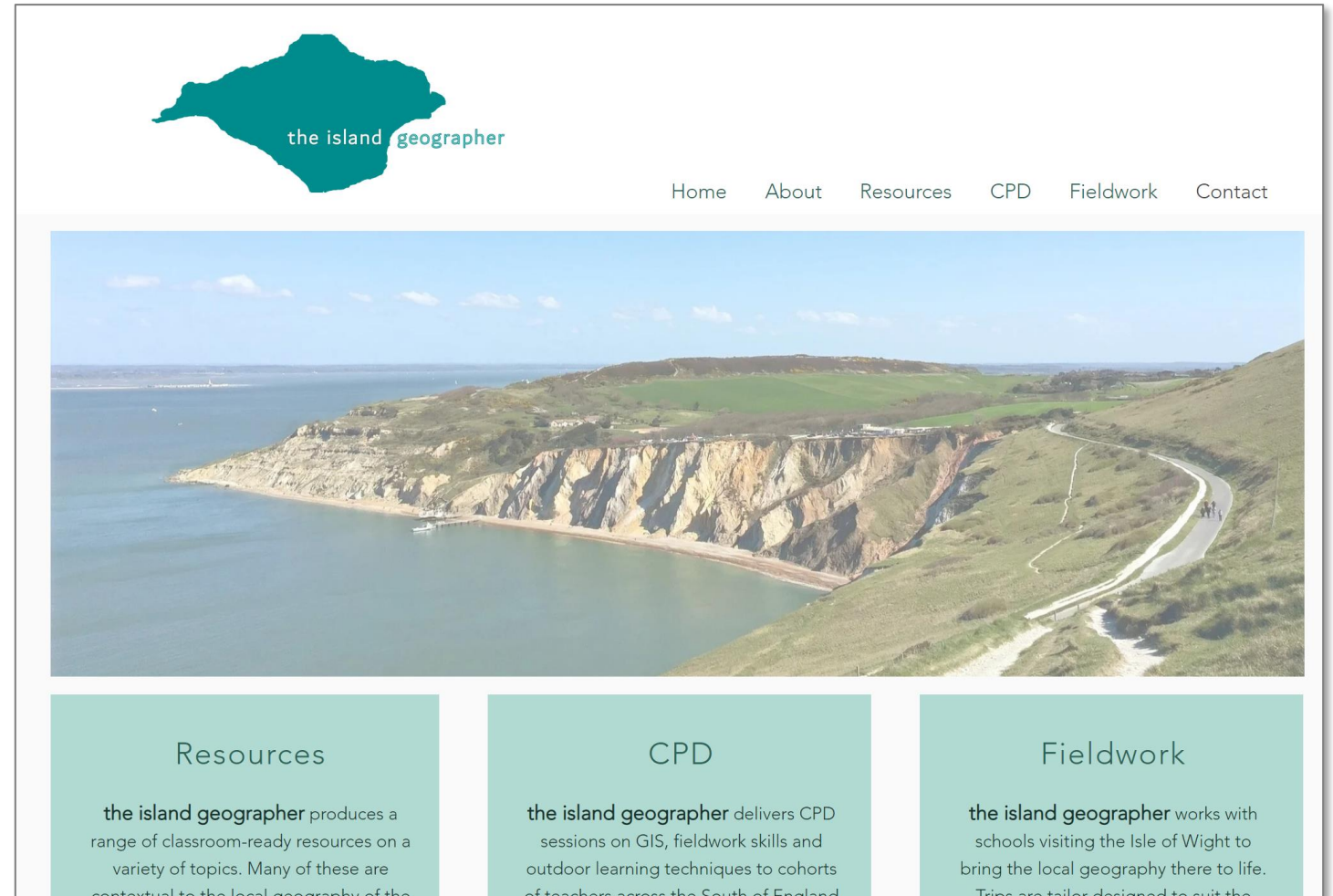
Chloë Searl



# Introduction

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[www.theislandgeographer.co.uk](http://www.theislandgeographer.co.uk)



# Introduction

Monday 14<sup>th</sup> November 5pm-6.30pm

**The nature of geographical enquiry**

Monday 5<sup>th</sup> December 5pm-6.30pm

**Data collection techniques**

Monday 23<sup>rd</sup> January 5pm-6.30pm

**Data presentation techniques**

Monday 13<sup>th</sup> March 5pm-6.30pm

**Data analysis and evaluation**

## What is a geographical enquiry?

- A series of stages of work that take you from a geographical question towards a geographical answer.

A geographical question, framed as a title for the fieldwork enquiry

Introducing the topic of investigation through a literature review

## What is a geographical enquiry?

- A series of stages of work that take you from a geographical question towards a geographical answer.

Creating smaller research questions or hypotheses about what you will find in the field

Collecting data in the field to support the answering of the research questions

## What is a geographical enquiry?

- A series of stages of work that take you from a geographical question towards a geographical answer.

Presenting data in the best way to help you find patterns and relationships

Explaining patterns and relationships in the data using geographical theory and understanding



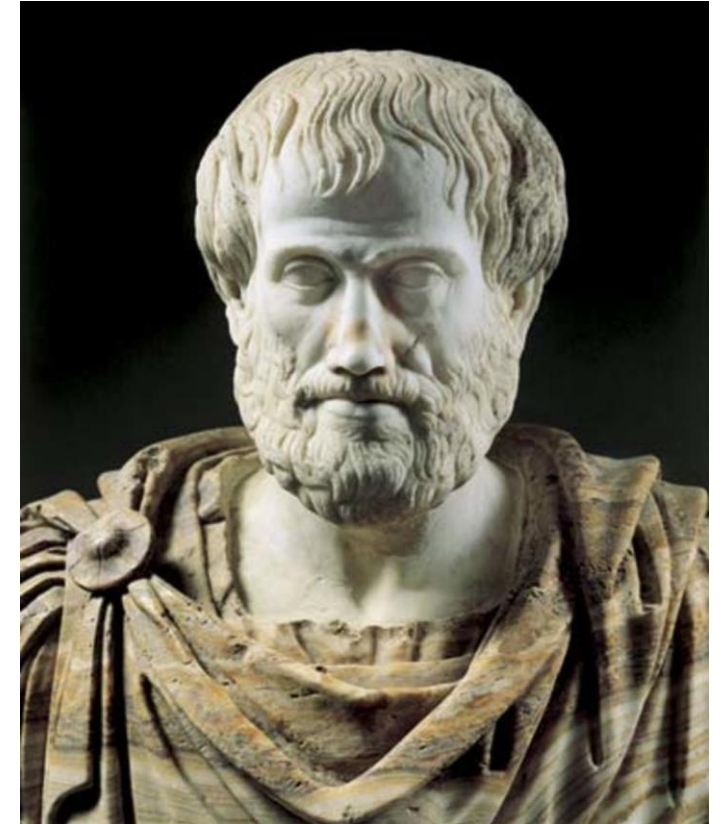
## What is a geographical enquiry?

- A series of stages of work that take you from a geographical question towards a geographical answer.

Evaluating and critiquing the enquiry process through reflection on the whole research journey

## Empirical evidence

- Widely known as ‘the scientific method’
- The structure has largely been unchanged since its conception by Aristotle and the idea of **empiricism**
- Empiricism is the notion that new knowledge comes about through experience and perceptions made through the senses





## So... what makes it *geographical*?

- In geography fieldwork today there are certain emphases that make the structure stand apart from that used in the pure sciences

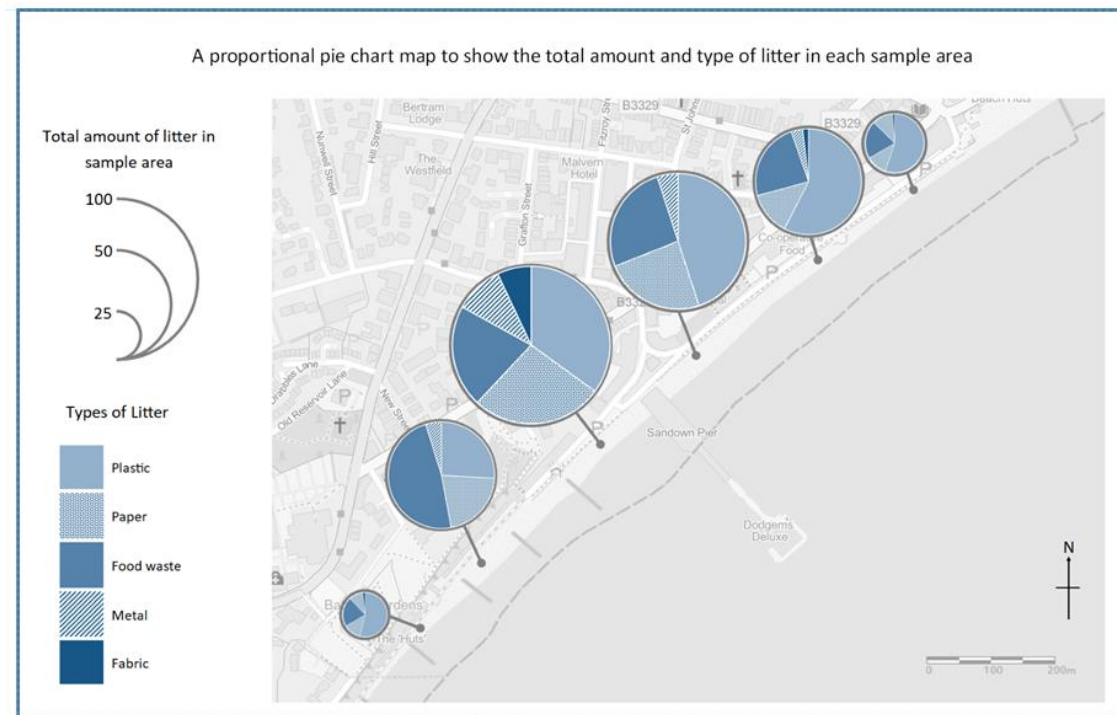
So... what makes it *geographical*?



What makes geography research different to traditional science research?

## So... what makes it *geographical*?

- In geography fieldwork today there are certain emphases that make the structure stand apart from that used in the pure sciences
- The main emphasis is on spatial data
- Good geographers can easily get distracted and forget about this!



## Titles

- Answerable
- Detailed
- Allows discussion
- Meaningful

A geographical question, framed as a title for the fieldwork enquiry

To what extent is Ventnor a sustainable tourism destination?

## Common frameworks for geographical enquiries

- Comparing two places
- Investigating how a place has changed over time
- Investigating how the introduction of a human feature affects physical processes
- Investigating how changes in physical processes affect people / their behaviour



Using the topic of 'Coasts' come up with an investigation title for each of the common frameworks

## Common frameworks for geographical enquiries

- Investigating how closely a place 'follows' a geographical model
- Evaluating the effectiveness of a human intervention

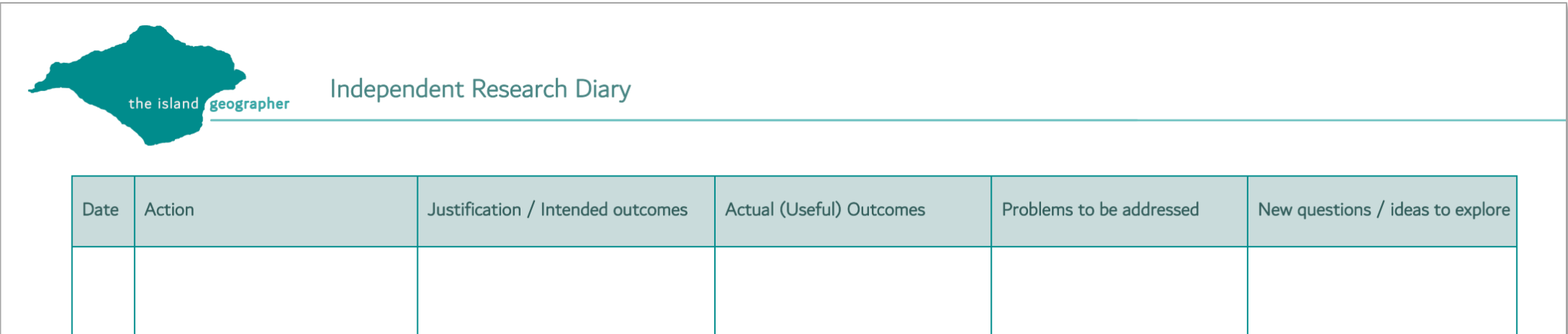


Using the topic of 'Coasts' come up with an investigation title for each of the common frameworks

# Literature reviews

- Good quality sources of information
- Note everything carefully
- Keep a research diary

Introducing the topic of investigation through a literature review

The 'Independent Research Diary' template includes the 'the island geographer' logo and a table with six columns: Date, Action, Justification / Intended outcomes, Actual (Useful) Outcomes, Problems to be addressed, and New questions / ideas to explore. The table has one empty row below the header.

Date	Action	Justification / Intended outcomes	Actual (Useful) Outcomes	Problems to be addressed	New questions / ideas to explore

## Research questions

- Break the title question down into more manageable parts

- Some of these questions might be '**desk research questions**' while most should be '**field research questions**'.

Creating smaller research questions or hypotheses about what you will find in the field



## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?

## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?

What regeneration has taken place? ...When? ...Why?

## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?

What factors are indicators of economic sustainability?

## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?

How do factors indicating economic sustainability change across Ventnor?

## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?

Are there distinct areas of economic decline and economic growth?

## Research questions

To what extent has the regeneration of Ventnor sea front created an economically divided town?


Are the regenerated areas most associated with economic growth or decline?

## Research questions



Take one of the titles that you generated in the last exercise and come up with one 'desk research question' and two 'field research questions'

# In your own time...



## Thinking through different geographical research frameworks

For a topic of your choice, come up with an investigation title for each of the common geographical research frameworks listed in the table.

Topic	
Comparing two places	
Investigating how a place has changed over time	
Investigating how the introduction of a human feature affects physical processes	
Investigating how changes in physical processes affect people / their behaviour	
Investigating how closely a place 'follows' a geographical model	





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An opportunity for questions...

## The next session...

Monday 5<sup>th</sup> December 5pm-6.30pm

### Data collection techniques

- Data led rather than method led research
- Questionnaire design
- Pilot studies
- Secondary data
- Using GIS